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EMERGENCY PHONE

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

500

PRODUCT NAME	CAS #
Propylene	115-07-1
TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS	UN 1075
Propylene; Propene	DOT Hazard Class:
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	Flammable gas
Propylene; Propene	Formula: C ₃ H ₆
ISSUE DATE AND REVISIONS	Chemical Family:
25 November 1985	Monolefin

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXPOSURE LIMIT

Propylene is defined as a simple asphyxiant. Oxygen levels should be maintained at greater than 18 molar percent at normal atmospheric (Continued on last page)

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Inhalation: Moderate concentrations so as to exclude an adequate supply to the lungs causes dizziness, drowsiness, and eventual unconsciousness.

Contact with evaporating liquid could cause frostbite or freezing of dermal tissue.

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Has been reported that breathing high concentrations causes an asesthetic effect, however, the major property is the exclusion of an adequate supply of oxygen to the lungs.

Frostbite effects are a change in color of the skin to gray or white possibly followed by blistering.

RECOMMENDED FIRST AID TREATMENT

PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE TO PROPYLENE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND BE COGNIZANT OF EXTREME FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD.

Inhalation: Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area, given mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

Dermal Contact or Frostbite: Remove contaminated clothing and flush affected areas with lukewarm water. DO NOT USE HOT WATER.

(Continued on last page)

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Since the Company shall have no control of the use of the product described herein, the Company assumes no liability for loss or damage incurred from the proper or improper use of such product.

HAZARDOUS MIXTURES OF OTHER LIQUIDS, SOLIDS, OR GASES

Propylene is flammable in air. It can also form explosive mixtures in air. Reacts violently with nitrogen dioxide and nitrous oxide.

PHYSICAL DATA			
BOILING POINT -53.9°F (-47.7°C)	38.3 1b/ft ³ (613.5 kg/m ³		
VAPOR PRESSURE @ 70°F (21.1°C):	GAS DENSITY AT 70°F. 1 atm		
151 psia (1041 kPa)	.107 lb/ft ³ (1.71 kg/m ³)		
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	FREEZING POINT		
Slightly soluble	-301°F (-185°C)		
EVAPORATION RATE	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (AIR=1) @ 70°F (21.1°C) =		
Unknown; 99.9 + % volatile	1.43		
APPEARANCE AND ODOR			
Colorless gas with a mild olefinic odor.			

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (Method used) AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE		FLAMMAGLE LIMITS % BY VOLUME		
-162°F (-108°C) C. C. 860°F (460°C)	LEL 2	UEL 11.1		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		ELECTRICAL CLASSIFICATION Class I,		
Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or water spray		Group D, See NFPA No. 70		
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES If possible, stop flow of gas supply and allow to cool surrounding containers.	fuel to con	sume itself. Use water spray		
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Propylene is heavi distance to a source of ignition. Should flame increase ventilation to prevent flammable mixtu	be extingu	r and may travel a considerable ished and flow of gas continue, on in low areas or pockets.		

REACTIVITY DATA

		REACTIVITEDATA		
STABILITY Unstable		CONDITIONS TO AVOID		
Stable	Х	N/A		
INCOMPATIBILITY (Ma	terials to avoid)	1 ₂ 0 ₄ , and N ₂ 0)		
HAZARDOUS DECOME	POSITION PRODUCT	S		
Carbon monoxid	de when burne	ed		
HAZARDOUS POLYME	RIZATION	CONDITIONS TO AVOID		
May Occur				
Will Not Occur	X	N/A		

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Evacuate all personnel from affected area. Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with an inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is in container or container valve, contact your closest supplier location or call the emergency telephone number listed herein.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
Do not attempt to dispose of waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container properly labeled, with any valve outlet plugs or caps secured and valve protection cap in place to your supplier. For emergency disposal assistance, contact your closest supplier location or call the emergency telephone number listed herein.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify ty	pe) Positive pressure air line with m	ask or self-contained		
breathing apparatus shou	ld be available for emergency use			
VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST To prevent accumulation	SPECIAL		
Hood with forced	above the LEL.	N/A		
ventilation	MECHANICAL (Gen.) In accordance with	OTHER		
	electrical codes	N/A		
PROTECTIVE GLOVES				
Plastic or rubber				
EYE PROTECTION				
Safety goggles or glasses				
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT				
Safety shoes, safety shower				

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS*

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SPECIAL LABELING INFORMATION	N				
DOT Shipping Name:	Liqufied Petroleum Gas	I.D. No.:	UN 107	5	
DOT Shipping Label:	Flammable Gas	DOT Hazard	Class:	Flammable Gas	
SPECIAL HANDLING RECOMMEN	VDATIONS				

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Valve protection caps must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<200 psig) piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder, Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder.

For additional handling recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association's Pamphlets P-1 and P-14 and Safety Bulletin SB-2.

SPECIAL STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 130F (54C). Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in - first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders being stored for excessive periods of time. Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in the storage or use area. There should be no sources of ignition in the storage or use area.

For additional storage recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association's Pamphlets P-1 and P-14 and Safety Bulletin SB-2.

SPECIAL PACKAGING RECOMMENDATIONS

Propylene is noncorrosive and may be used with any common structural material.

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS OF PRECAUTIONS
Earth-ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with the propylene system.
Electrical equipment should be non-sparking or explosion proof. Compressed gas
cylinders should not be refilled except by qualified producers of compressed gases.
Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with
his (written) consent is a violation of Federal Law (49CFR).

HEALTH HAZARD DATA (Continued)

TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXPOSURE LIMIT: (Continued)

pressure which is equivalent to a partial pressure of 135 mm Hg. (ACGIH, 1985-86). OSHA (1985) TWA for LPG = 1,000 Molar PPM.

RECOMMENDED FIRST AID TREATMENT: (Continued)

A physician should see the patient if the cryogenic "burn" has resulted in blistering of the dermal surface or deep tissue freezing.